## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

 A financial instrument comprising a futures contract that enables cash settlement while simultaneously preserving the price dynamics of a physical delivery futures contract.

- 2. A financial instrument comprising a futures contract that provides the convenience of cash settlement and the clarity of cashfutures spreading relationships.
- 3. A financial instrument comprising a futures contracts having tick sizes that differ from a corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 4. A financial instrument comprising a futures contract that references a basket of securities corresponding to a deliverable basket for a corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 5. The financial instrument of claim 4 further wherein the basket of securities is identical to the deliverable basket for a corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 6. A financial instrument comprising a futures contract that is cash settled and obeys the same schedule for last trading day and expiration as a corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 7. A financial instrument comprising a futures contract that converges to a final settlement value equal to a conversion-factor-weighted price of whichever cash issue is cheapest to deliver into a corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 8. The financial instrument of claim 7 further wherein, in highly extreme market conditions, the futures contract and the corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument prices may diverge.
- 9. The financial instrument of claim 7 further wherein, in highly extreme market conditions, the futures contract of the present invention

expires at a price level that minimizes unresolved cash-futures arbitrage opportunities.

- 10. A financial instrument comprising a futures contract that is cash-settled and mirrors a physical delivery mechanism utilized to settle a corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 11. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein Exchange Futures for Physical (EFP) transactions are permitted.
- 12. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein the futures contract utilizes a tick size different from the tick size of the corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 13. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein settlement price determination assures that the futures contract will expire at a conversion-factor-weighted price of whichever issue has the highest instantaneous repurchase agreement rate among issues in the corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 14. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein settlement price determination assures that the futures contract must expire at a price for which the minimum (notional) cash-futures basis is zero within the corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 15. The financial instrument of claim 14 further wherein settlement prices (S) are determined in accordance with:

$$S = Z \times (minimum\{ P_1/c_1 ... P_N/c_N \}),$$
  
where:

Z is the currency denomination price basis (in points);
N is the number of government securities issues in the contract's basket;

P<sub>i</sub>, i = 1 to N, are market prices of each security in the contract's basket at the time contract expiration; and

- $c_i$ , i=1 to N, are conversion factors, where each  $c_i$  is the price at which the corresponding government security yields a given percentage to maturity.
- 16. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a long-term debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.
- 17. The financial instrument of claim 16 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a Bundesanleihen (Bunds) notional long-term debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.
- 18. The financial instrument of claim 16 further wherein the futures contract utilizes a tick size of 0.2 (20 Euros).
- 19. The financial instrument of claim 17 further wherein final settlement value (S) of the futures contract will be determined as:

 $S = Z \times (minimum\{ P_1/c_1 ... P_N/c_N \}),$ where:

Z is 1,000 Euros;

N is the number of Bund issues fulfilling the delivery standard;

- P<sub>i</sub>, i = 1 to N, are market prices of each Bund issue fulfilling the delivery standard, where all P<sub>i</sub> are quoted in points and hundredths of one point, with par being on the basis of 100 points; and
- $c_i$ , i=1 to N, are conversion factors, where each  $c_i$  is the price of the corresponding Bund issue, with a one U.S. dollar par value yielding 6.00% to maturity.
- 20. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign.

government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a mediumterm debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.

- 21. The financial instrument of claim 20 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a Bundesobligationen (Bobls) notional medium-term debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.
- 22. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument Bunds and Bobl bond futures contracts.
- 23. The financial instrument of claim 22 further wherein the futures contract utilizes a tick size of 0.2 (20 Euros).
- 24. The financial instrument of claim 22 further wherein final settlement value (S) of the futures contract will be determined as:

 $S = Z \times (minimum\{ P_1/c_1 ... P_N/c_N \}),$ where:

Z is 1,000 Euros;

N is the number of Bund and Bobl issues fulfilling the delivery standard;

- $P_{i}$ , i=1 to N, are market prices of each Bund or Bobl issues fulfilling the delivery standard, where Bund and Bobl  $P_{i}$  are quoted in points and hundredths of one point, with par being on the basis of 100 points in all instances; and
- $c_i$ , i=1 to N, are conversion factors, where each  $c_i$  is the price of the corresponding Bund or Bobl issue, with a one U.S. dollar par value yielding 6.00%.
- 25. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign

government debt instrument a short-term federal debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.

- 26. The financial instrument of claim 25 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a Bundesschatzanweisungen (Schatz) notional short-term federal debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.
- 27. The financial instrument of claim 10 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument Bund, Bobl, and Schatz bond futures contracts.
- 28. The financial instrument of claim 27 further wherein the futures contract utilizes a tick size of 0.05 (5 Euros).
- 29. The financial instrument of claim 27 further wherein final settlement value (S) of the futures contract will be determined as:

 $S = Z \times (minimum\{ P_1/c_1 ... P_N/c_N \}),$ where:

Z is 1,000 Euros;

N is the number of Bund, Bobl, and Schatz issues fulfilling the delivery standard;

- P<sub>i</sub>, i = 1 to N, are market prices of each Bund or Bobl or Schatz issues fulfilling the delivery standard, where Bund and Bobl P<sub>i</sub> are quoted in points and hundredths of one point, and Schatz P<sub>i</sub> are quoted in points and halves of one hundredth of one point, with par being on the basis of 100 points in all instances.
- $c_i$ , i=1 to N, are conversion factors, where each  $c_i$  is the price of the corresponding Bund or Bobl or Schatz issue, with a one U.S. dollar par value yielding 6.00%.

30. A financial instrument comprising a futures contract that is a cash settled correspondent to a physical delivery foreign government debt instrument.

- 31. The financial instrument of claim 30 further wherein Exchange Futures for Physical (EFP) transactions are permitted.
- 32. The financial instrument of claim 30 further wherein the futures contract utilizes a tick size different from the tick size of the corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 33. The financial instrument of claim 30 further wherein settlement price determination assures that the futures contract will expire at the conversion-factor-weighted price of whichever issue has the highest instantaneous repurchase agreement rate among issues in the corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 34. The financial instrument of claim 30 further wherein settlement price determination assures that the futures contract must expire at a price for which the minimum (notional) cash-futures basis is zero within the corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument.
- 35. The financial instrument of claim 34 further wherein the settlement prices (S) are determined in accordance with:

 $S = Z \times (minimum\{ P_1/c_1 ... P_N/c_N \}),$ where:

Z is the currency denomination price basis (in points);
N is the number of government securities issues in the contract's basket;

P<sub>i</sub>, i = 1 to N, are market prices of each security in the contract's basket at the time contract expiration; and

 $c_i$ , i=1 to N, are conversion factors, where each  $c_i$  is the price at which the corresponding government security yields a given percentage to maturity.

36. The financial instrument of claim 30 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a long-term debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.

- 37. The financial instrument of claim 36 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a Bundesanleihen (Bunds) notional long-term debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.
- 38. The financial instrument of claim 36 further wherein the futures contract utilizes a tick size of 0.2 (20 Euros).
- 39. The financial instrument of claim 37 further wherein final settlement value (S) of the futures contract will be determined as:

 $S = Z \times (minimum\{ P_1/c_1 ... P_N/c_N \}),$ where:

Z is 1,000 Euros:

N is the number of Bund issues fulfilling the delivery standard;

- P<sub>i</sub>, i = 1 to N, are market prices of each Bund issue fulfilling the delivery standard, where all P<sub>i</sub> are quoted in points and hundredths of one point, with par being on the basis of 100 points; and
- $c_i$ , i=1 to N, are conversion factors, where each  $c_i$  is the price of the corresponding Bund issue, with a one U.S. dollar par value yielding 6.00% to maturity.
- 40. The financial instrument of claim 30 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a medium-term debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.

41. The financial instrument of claim 40 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a Bundesobligationen (Bobls) notional medium-term debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.

- 42. The financial instrument of claim 40 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument Bunds and Bobl bond futures contracts.
- 43. The financial instrument of claim 40 further wherein the futures contract utilizes a tick size of 0.2 (20 Euros).
- 44. The financial instrument of claim 42 further wherein final settlement value (S) of the futures contract will be determined as:

 $S = Z \times (minimum\{ P_1/c_1 ... P_N/c_N \}),$ 

where:

Z is 1,000 Euros;

N is the number of Bund and Bobl issues fulfilling the delivery standard;

- P<sub>i</sub>, i = 1 to N, are market prices of each, Bund or Bobl issues fulfilling the delivery standard, where Bund and Bobl P<sub>i</sub> are quoted in points and hundredths of one point, with par being on the basis of 100 points in all instances; and
- $c_i$ , i=1 to N, are conversion factors, where each  $c_i$  is the price of the corresponding Bund or Bobl issue, with a one U.S. dollar par value yielding 6.00%.
- 45. The financial instrument of claim 30 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a short-term federal debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.

46. The financial instrument of claim 45 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument a bond futures contract based on a Bundesschatzanweisungen (Schatz) notional short-term federal debt instrument issued by the Federal Republic of Germany.

- 47. The financial instrument of claim 30 further wherein the futures contract utilizes as its corresponding physical-delivery foreign government debt instrument Bund, Bobl, and Schatz bond futures contracts.
- 48. The financial instrument of claim 47 further wherein the futures contract utilizes a tick size of 0.05 (5 Euros).
- 49. The financial instrument of claim 47 further wherein final settlement value (S) of the futures contract will be determined as:

 $S = Z \times (minimum\{ P_1/c_1 ... P_N/c_N \}),$ where:

Z is 1,000 Euros;

N is the number of Bund, Bobl, and Schatz issues fulfilling the delivery standard;

- P<sub>i</sub>, i = 1 to N, are market prices of each Bund or Bobl or Schatz issues fulfilling the delivery standard, where Bund and Bobl P<sub>i</sub> are quoted in points and hundredths of one point, and Schatz P<sub>i</sub> are quoted in points and halves of one hundredth of one point, with par being on the basis of 100 points in all instances.
- c<sub>i</sub>, i = 1 to N, are conversion factors, where each c<sub>i</sub> is the price of the corresponding Bund or Bobl or Schatz issue, with a one U.S. dollar par value yielding 6.00%.